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Coverage: Great Britain
Theme: Social and Welfare

DISABILITY CARE AND MOBILITY BENEFITS – MAY 2002 QUARTERLY STATISTICAL ENQUIRY

The results of the May 2002 Disability Care and Mobility Benefits Quarterly Statistical Enquiry (DCM QSE) are published today via this first release. This report provides information on the characteristics of people in Great Britain making claims over time for the disability and carer benefits: Disability Living Allowance, Attendance Allowance and Invalid Care Allowance. The numbers of first awards and numbers in receipt (allowances current) are broken down by age, gender and disability.

The main findings are:

Disability Living Allowance

The number of people receiving Disability Living Allowance (DLA) increased by 5.0% in the year ending May 2002 to 2.35 million.

Of these people, 578 thousand received only the mobility component, 309 thousand received only the care component and 1.47 million received both mobility and care components.

Just over half (51%) of the total recipients were males.



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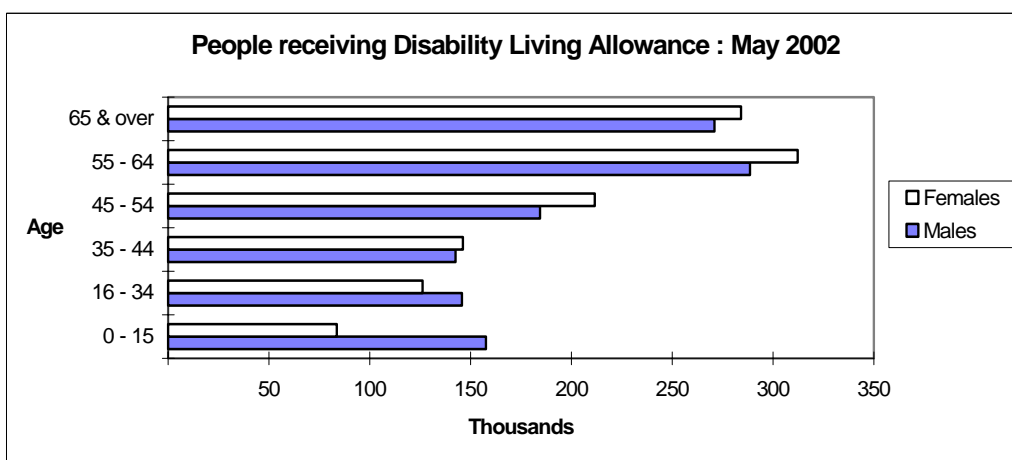
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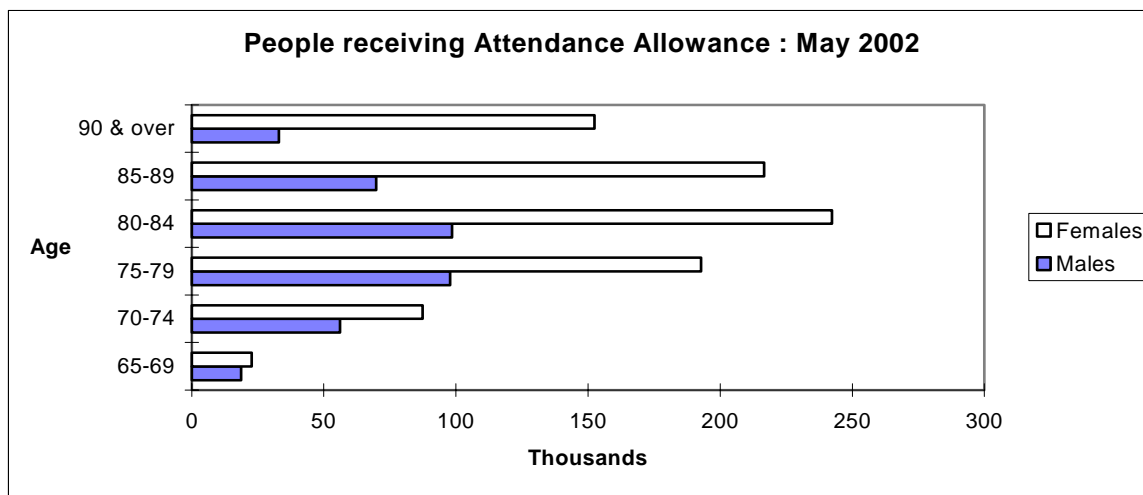
59% of the total recipients were aged 50 and over.

The two main causes of disability were arthritis (485 thousand) and mental health (532 thousand) and together these represented 43% of all causes.

The proportion of people receiving DLA by government office region varied from 25 per 1,000 of the population in the South East to 66 per 1,000 of the population in Wales.

Attendance Allowance

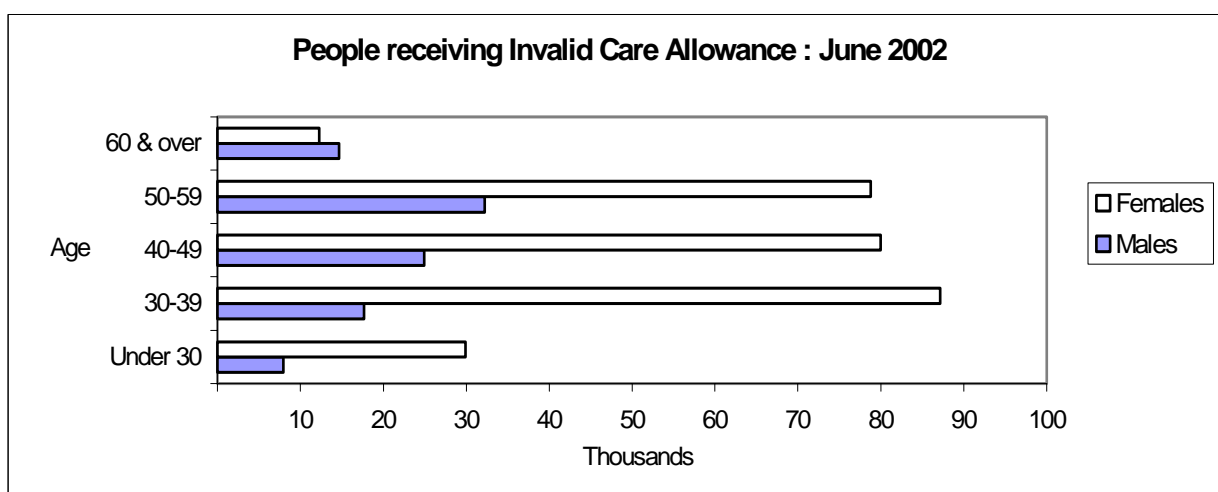
The number of people receiving Attendance Allowance at May 2002 was 1.29 million, virtually unchanged compared to a year earlier.



- ◆ The majority (71%) of these were females and over a half (63%) of all recipients were aged 80 and over.
- ◆ The main cause of disability was arthritis (379 thousand), representing 29% of all causes.
- ◆ The proportion of people receiving AA by government office region varied from 16 per 1,000 of the population in London to 33 per 1,000 in Wales.

Invalid Care Allowance

- ◆ The number of people receiving Invalid Care Allowance at June 2002 was 390 thousand.



- ◆ The majority (75%) of these were females.
- ◆ Most (90%) of all claimants were aged 30 and over.

NOTES TO EDITORS

This release contains analyses of the numbers of people in Great Britain making claims over time for the disability and carer benefits : Disability Living Allowance, Attendance Allowance, Invalid Care Allowance and also the numbers of people in receipt of these benefits.

Disability Living Allowance (DLA) and Attendance Allowance (AA) provide financial help for the care and mobility needs of disabled people. Disability Living Allowance (DLA) can be awarded to a disabled person who claims before their 65th birthday.

DLA consists of two components:

- ◆ The care component: for people who need help with personal care;
- ◆ The mobility component: for people who need help with getting around.

Attendance Allowance (AA) can be awarded to a disabled person with care needs who claims on or after their 65th birthday.

Invalid Care Allowance (ICA) is awarded to people who look after a severely disabled person with care needs for at least 35 hours a week. Previous editions of this publication had included only four tables of ICA figures. This edition includes ten tables and therefore represents a substantial improvement in the range of published ICA statistics available. This has been possible because the Analytical Services Directorate Information Centre (ASD IC) has recently begun to receive and analyse 100% case-level data from the ICA computer system.

The attached set of tables summarise the main findings of the DCM QSE and give comparisons with earlier periods. The tables for ICA relate to the quarters ending in June each year.

The *terms and conventions* used within the tables are explained below:

Allowances current

The number of people in receipt of DLA, AA or ICA. This excludes people with entitlement where the payment has been suspended.

Liveload

The number of people with entitlement to DLA, AA or ICA. This includes people where the payment has been suspended for example, because someone is in hospital.

Main disabling condition

This is the medical cause of the main disability which gives rise to the award of DLA or AA.

Award

This is first or subsequent award of benefit.

Review

A person who is dissatisfied with the result of their last claim can ask for the claim to be reviewed.

Conventions

..	Not available
.	Not applicable
-	Nil or negligible
*	Figures under 500 marked * are subject to a high degree of sampling error and should only be used as a guide to the correct situation

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Disability Living Allowance, Attendance Allowance and Invalid Care Allowance

Disability Care and Mobility Quarterly Statistical Enquiry

May 2002

DWP Department for
Work and Pensions

Information Centre, Analytical Services Directorate

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Section 1: Disability Living Allowance

Disability Living Allowance (DLA) replaced and extended Attendance Allowance and Mobility Allowance in April 1992 for disabled people who claim before the age of 65. People already in receipt of either Attendance Allowance or Mobility Allowance before April 1992 were invited to make a 'top up' claim for the other component.

DLA is payable to people who are disabled and who have personal care needs, mobility needs or both. DLA consists of two components:

The care component: for people who need help with personal care;

The mobility component: for people who need help with getting around (it is not currently available for children under three).

The care component is paid at one of three rates and the mobility component at one of two rates. These are shown in Table 1.11.

To qualify for DLA the need for help must have existed for three months (the qualifying period) and be expected to last for at least a further six months (the prospective test). People who are not expected to live longer than six months because of an illness do not have to satisfy either the qualifying period or the prospective test. Once awarded, DLA will continue to be paid as long as the conditions of entitlement are met.

The statistics for Tables 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8 and 1.10 are based on a 5% sample and are subject to the sampling error explained in the Appendix. Tables 1.5 and 1.9 are based on a 100% count.

Table 1.1 DLA allowances current at 31st May¹

	<i>Thousands</i>				
	1998	1999	Year 2000	2001	2002
All components:	1,995.9	2,061.3	2,130.5	2,240.5	2,353.5
Higher rate care only	38.0	38.2	40.2	38.3	38.0
Middle rate care only	89.4	93.0	96.1	97.9	99.3
Lower rate care only	125.0	140.1	150.6	159.9	171.5
Higher rate mobility only	529.4	513.3	495.9	480.1	474.5
Lower rate mobility only	80.6	88.7	91.9	94.4	103.4
Higher rate care & :- higher rate mobility	274.9	282.7	296.5	328.6	347.9
lower rate mobility	69.0	71.0	77.8	86.8	97.2
Middle rate care & :- higher rate mobility	284.5	292.46	305.4	328.98	347.2
lower rate mobility	190.6	204.7	220.1	243.6	260.3
Lower rate care & :- higher rate mobility	247.6	263.9	277.4	295.2	317.5
lower rate mobility	67.0	73.2	78.6	86.8	96.6

1. Cases where payment of benefit has been suspended are excluded

Chart 1.1 DLA allowances current over time

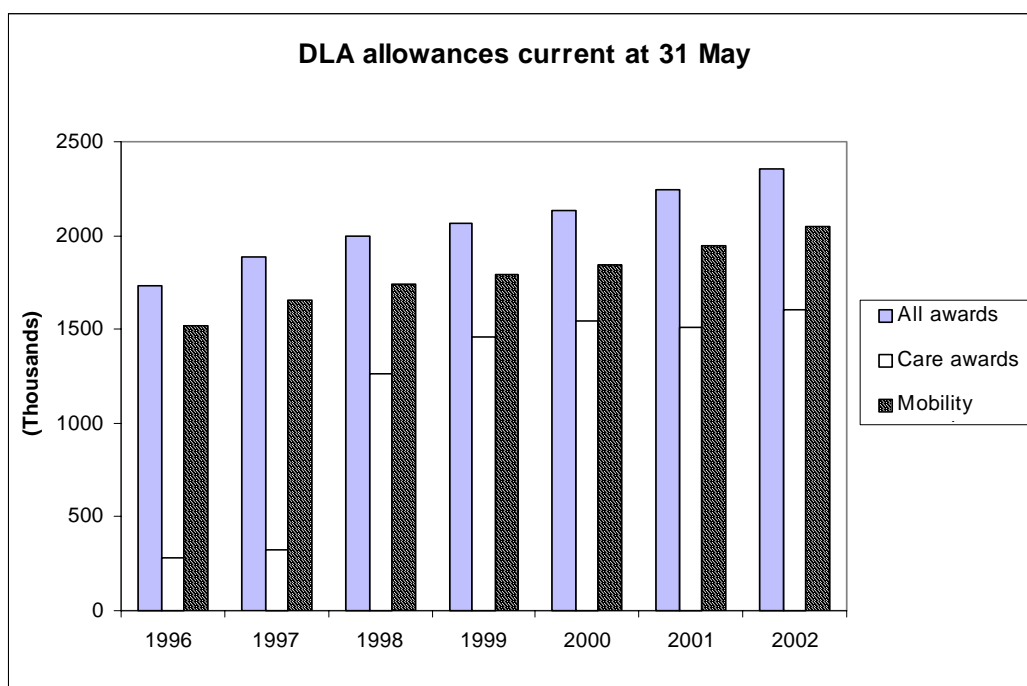


Table 1.2 DLA allowances current at 31st May 2002 by age and sex

	<i>Thousands</i>		
	Total	Men	Women
All ages	2,353.5	1,189.6	1,163.9
0 - 4	38.4	23.4	15.0
5 - 9	89.4	59.5	29.9
10-15	113.4	74.8	38.7
16-19	47.1	28.0	19.1
20-24	56.5	32.0	24.5
25-29	66.8	34.1	32.7
30-34	101.6	51.7	49.9
35-39	134.4	67.2	67.3
40-44	154.1	75.2	78.8
45-49	172.0	80.4	91.7
50-54	223.9	104.0	120.0
55-59	280.7	132.3	148.4
60-64	319.9	156.2	163.7
65-69	291.4	148.2	143.1
70-74	184.6	87.6	97.0
75-79	60.2	28.0	32.2
80 and over	19.1	7.2	11.9

Chart 1.2 DLA allowances current at 31st May 2002 by age and sex

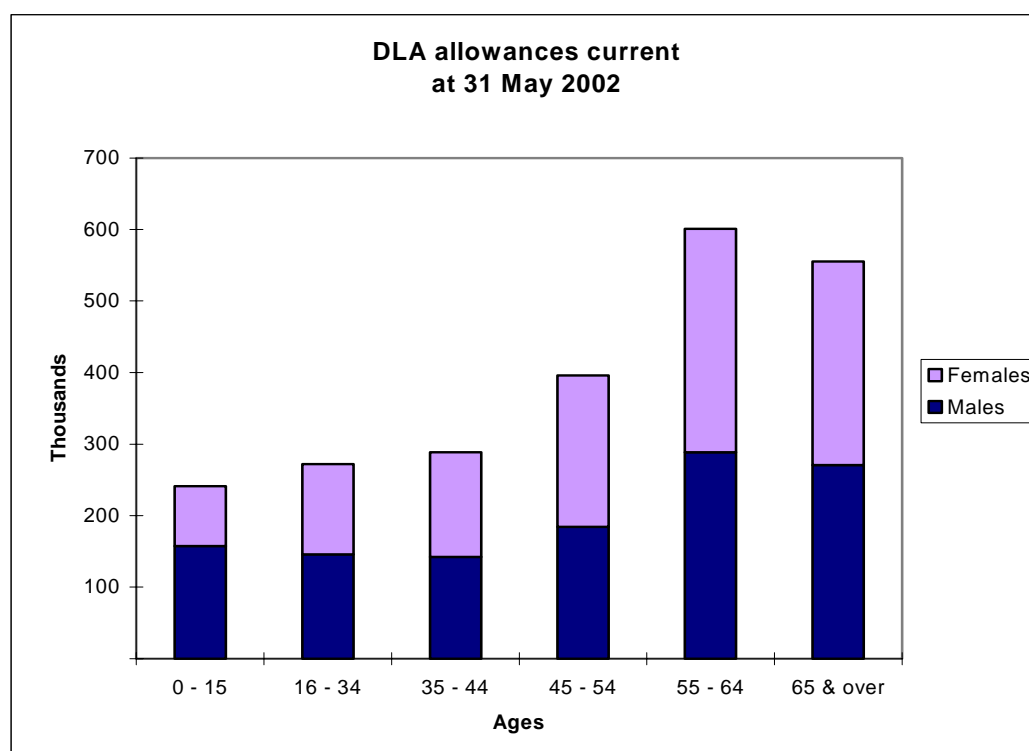


Table 1.3 DLA allowances at 31st May 2002 by country and region

Country and Government Office Region	Allowances 000s	Allowances per 1000 population ¹
GREAT BRITAIN	2,353.5	41.2
England	1,898.6	38.6
North East	149.4	59.4
North West	377.7	56.1
Yorkshire & Humber	229.8	46.3
East Midlands	168.0	40.2
West Midlands	228.4	43.4
East	163.2	30.3
London	224.3	31.2
South East	201.9	25.2
South West	155.9	31.6
Wales	192.6	66.3
Scotland	262.3	51.8

1. Population estimates for mid 2001. Sources are Office for National Statistics and General Register Office for Scotland

Table 1.4 DLA allowances current at 31st May 2002 by disability ^{1,2}

	<i>Thousands</i>			
	All awards	Care component only	Mobility component only	Care and mobility component
All conditions	2,353.5	308.9	577.9	1,466.7
Arthritis	485.1	50.0	145.8	289.3
Muscle/bone/joint disease	184.3	35.6	48.5	100.1
Blindness	58.5	2.3	8.2	47.9
Stroke related	96.5	9.2	12.9	74.4
Learning difficulties	231.5	26.3	50.3	154.9
Mental health causes	301.0	44.0	47.6	209.4
Epilepsy	54.0	6.6	3.6	43.7
Deafness	28.5	11.7	2.4	14.3
Malignant disease	53.7	7.0	4.2	42.5
Chest disease	83.6	5.0	34.3	44.4
Back ailments	206.6	25.1	62.0	119.5
Heart disease	151.2	7.1	72.4	71.8
Parkinsons disease	13.3	1.7	1.3	10.2
Diabetes mellitus	44.7	17.4	5.9	21.4
Renal disorders	10.7	2.7	2.0	6.1
AIDS	6.9	0.6	*0.3	6.0
Skin diseases	12.7	9.1	1.1	2.5
Other	330.7	47.5	75.1	208.2

1. Where more than one disability is present only the main disabling condition is recorded

2. For a small number of cases the main disabling condition is recorded inaccurately

* Number too small to be statistically reliable

Table 1.5 DLA: Decisions on initial claims by financial year¹

	<i>Thousands</i>					
	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00 ²	2000/01	2001/02	3 months to 30.6.02
Initial claims	461.4	398.3	392.6	410.3	407.8	109.5
Initial claims decided	467.0	383.8	371.4	417.5	403.5	103.7
First awards ¹ :						
All first awards	211.2	175.6	181.0	211.3	211.2	55.6
Higher rate care only	10.2	9.8	10.5	12.1	10.8	2.9
Middle rate care only	16.5	14.8	15.3	18.9	17.3	4.5
Lower rate care only	29.1	24.7	25.8	29.0	29.1	7.6
Higher rate mobility only	33.9	20.7	20.1	22.1	23.9	6.4
Lower rate mobility only	8.5	5.9	5.7	6.7	7.0	1.7
Higher rate care & :- higher rate mobility	32.4	30.7	31.2	35.1	33.3	8.9
lower rate mobility	9.1	8.1	9.5	12.4	12.3	3.4
Middle rate care & :- higher rate mobility	18.8	16.8	17.6	22.0	20.8	5.5
lower rate mobility	19.1	16.2	17.1	22.3	22.8	5.6
Lower rate care & :- higher rate mobility	24.8	19.8	20.5	21.5	23.8	6.4
lower rate mobility	8.8	8.2	7.7	9.2	10.2	2.6
Rejections	255.7	208.2	190.4	206.1	192.3	48.1

1. Figures do not include first awards made as a result of review or appeal decisions

2. Figures for January estimated

Table 1.6 DLA: Awards on review and appeal by financial year

	<i>Thousands</i>					
Type of decision	Year ¹					3 months
	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	to 31.05.02
Reviews ²	37.7	27.0	24.8	16.6	14.1	3.1
Appeals	13.1	15.4	15.5	25.9	31.9	7.2

1. Figures relate to 12 months ending February

2. Figures include reconsiderations under the new system of decision making and appeals introduced from October 1999

Table 1.7 DLA: Awards in year ending 31st May 2002 by sex and age¹

	<i>Thousands</i>		
	Total	Men	Women
All ages	252.8	132.8	120.0
0 - 4	18.2	11.7	6.5
5 - 15	25.4	17.2	8.2
16-24	12.6	6.8	5.9
25-29	10.1	5.1	5.1
30-34	14.2	6.4	7.8
35-39	18.9	8.6	10.3
40-44	20.6	9.6	11.1
45-49	23.6	10.7	12.9
50-54	31.1	14.6	16.4
55-59	37.8	19.4	18.4
60-64	39.4	22.4	17.0
65 and over	0.7	*0.4	*0.3

1. Figures relate to first awards made as a result of initial claims, reviews or appeals

* Number too small to be statistically reliable

Table 1.8 DLA: Awards in year ending 31st May 2002 by disability^{1,2}

	<i>Thousands</i>			
	All Awards	Care component only	Mobility component only	Care and mobility component
All conditions	252.8	67.0	38.8	147.0
Arthritis	33.3	8.9	7.9	16.4
Muscle/Joint/Bone disease	20.2	0.5	4.1	8.5
Blindness	3.3	1.2	0.6	2.2
Stroke-related	7.1	7.0	0.5	5.4
Learning difficulty	14.3	12.2	0.8	6.6
Mental health problems	51.4	1.3	5.8	33.4
Epilepsy	6.1	1.3	*0.2	4.6
Deafness	2.8	3.2	*0.3	1.1
Malignant disease	29.9	1.4	0.8	25.9
Chest disease	8.1	4.8	2.7	4.1
Back ailments	18.3	1.8	4.1	9.4
Heart disease	11.9	0.5	4.6	5.6
Parkinsons disease	1.4	3.3	-	0.9
Diabetes mellitus	6.7	0.5	0.7	2.7
Renal disorders	1.7	*0.1	*0.2	0.9
Skin diseases	2.2	1.8	*0.1	*0.2
Other	34.2	9.6	5.3	19.2

1. Figures relate to first awards made as a result of initial claims, reviews or appeals

2. Where more than one disability is present only the main disabling condition is recorded

3. For a small number of cases the main disabling condition is recorded inaccurately

* Number too small to be statistically reliable

Table 1.9 DLA: Decisions on review by financial year ¹

	Year ¹					Number
	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00 ²	2000/01	2001/02	3 months to 30.6.02 ⁴
Requests for review	354,730	307,535	295,275	265,235	255,055	67,135
Decisions						
all decisions	370,055	300,795	276,585	301,365	248,890	60,875
review allowed	44,290	31,630	26,960	56,230	58,525	14,575
award increased ³	90,075	69,690	67,035	71,225	51,795	13,230
other decisions	235,690	199,475	182,590	173,910	138,570	33,070

1. Figures include reconsiderations and supercessions under the new system of decision making and appeals which was introduced from October 1999.

2. Figures for January estimated

3. Rates of either component are increased

4. Figures for period April 2002 to June 2002

Table 1.10 DLA: Historical movements on and off benefit ¹

Period	Thousands		
	Awards	Terminations	Liveload at end of period
Year ending May 1999	215.5	146.8	2,087.4
Year ending May 2000	217.4	145.6	2,159.2
Year ending May 2001	254.0	142.5	2,270.7
Year ending May 2002	252.8	137.1	2,386.4

1. Cases where payment of benefit has been suspended are included

Table 1.11 Rates of DLA

Date	£pw				
	Care component			Mobility component	
	Higher rate	Middle rate	Lower rate	Higher rate	Lower rate
6 April 1992	43.35	28.95	11.55	30.30	11.55
10 April 1993	44.90	30.00	11.95	31.40	11.95
11 April 1994	45.70	30.55	12.15	31.95	12.15
10 April 1995	46.70	31.20	12.40	32.65	12.40
8 April 1996	48.50	32.40	12.90	33.90	12.90
7 April 1997	49.50	33.10	13.15	34.60	13.15
8 April 1998	51.30	34.30	13.60	35.85	13.60
12 April 1999	52.95	35.40	14.05	37.00	14.05
12 April 2000	53.55	35.80	14.20	37.40	14.20
11 April 2001	55.30	37.00	14.65	38.65	14.65
8 April 2002	56.25	37.65	14.90	39.30	14.90

Section 2: Attendance Allowance

Attendance Allowance (AA) is a benefit for people who are so severely disabled, physically or mentally, that they need someone with them to help with personal care. They could need either frequent help coping with their bodily functions or constant care to stop them hurting themselves or others. This could be either during the day or at night.

A claimant who needs help both during the day and at night can get the higher rate of AA. A claimant who needs help either during the day or at night gets the lower rate. From October 1990, people who have a terminal illness, and are therefore not likely to live for more than 6 months, were also invited to claim. Since April 1992, people who were disabled before the age of 65 receive DLA instead of AA.

The statistics for Tables 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8 and 2.10 are based on a 5% sample and are subject to the sampling error explained in the Appendix. Tables 2.5 and 2.9 are based on a 100% count.

Table 2.1 AA allowances current at 31st May ¹

Year	<i>Thousands</i>		
	All awards	Higher rate	Lower rate
1996	1,120.6	461.0	659.6
1997	1,183.2	496.0	687.2
1998	1,225.6	512.8	712.8
1999	1,243.8	536.3	707.4
2000	1,249.6	560.0	689.6
2001	1,290.0	600.6	689.5
2002	1,288.2	615.4	672.8

1. Cases where payment of benefit has been suspended are excluded

Chart 2.1 AA allowances current over time

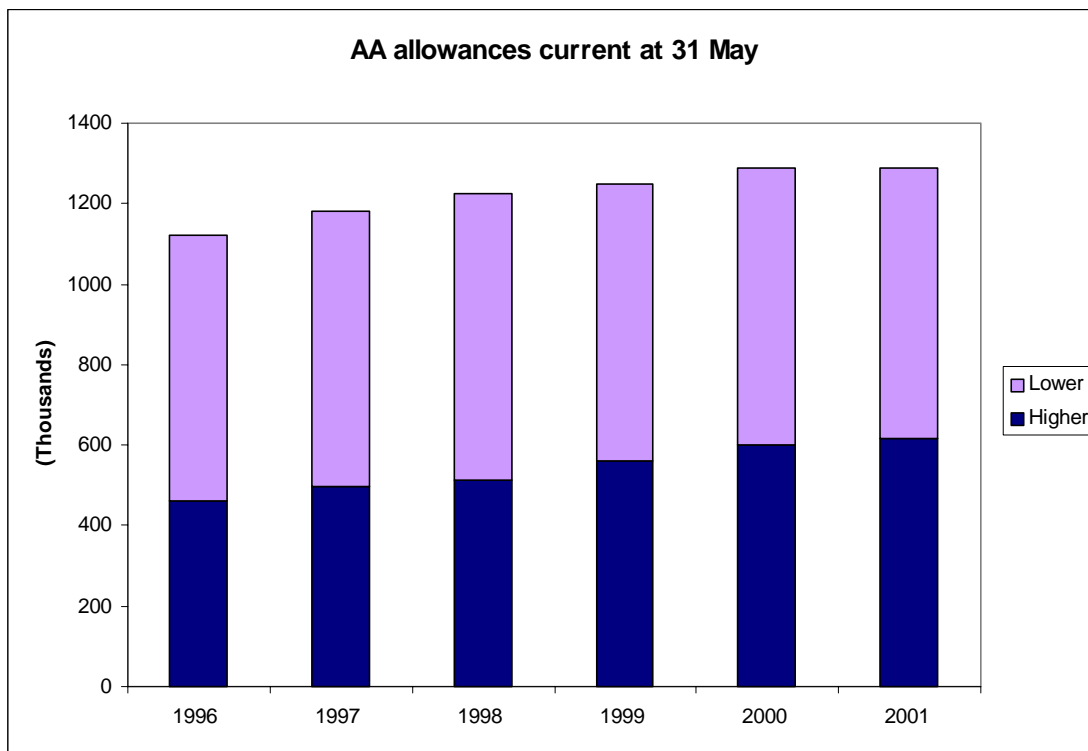


Table 2.2 AA allowances current at 31st May 2002 by age and sex

	<i>Thousands</i>		
	Total	Men	Women
All ages	1,288.2	373.9	914.2
65-69	41.4	18.7	22.7
70-74	143.5	56.1	87.4
75-79	290.5	97.8	192.7
80-84	340.8	98.4	242.4
85-89	286.4	69.8	216.6
90 & over	185.5	33.1	152.4

Chart 2.2 AA allowances current at 31st May 2002 by age and sex

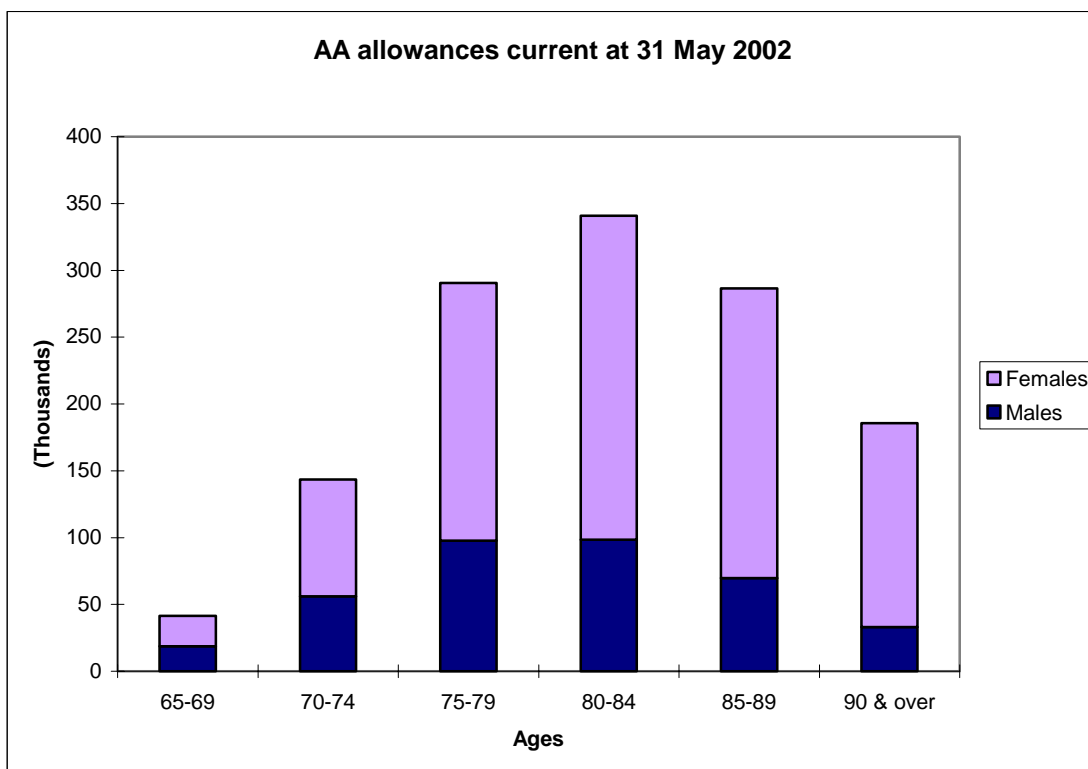


Table 2.3 AA allowances current at 31st May 2002 by Government Office Region ¹

Government Office Region	Allowances 000s	Allowances per 1000 population ¹
GREAT BRITAIN	1,288.2	22.5
England	1,063.0	21.6
North East	63.6	25.3
North West	176.1	26.2
Yorkshire & Humber	110.3	22.2
East Midlands	96.5	23.1
West Midlands	133.6	25.4
East	114.2	21.2
London	112.6	15.7
South East	132.7	16.6
South West	123.3	25.0
Wales	95.4	32.8
Scotland	129.8	25.6

1. Population estimates for mid 2001. Sources are Office of National Statistics and General Register Office for Scotland

Table 2.4 AA allowances current at 31st May 2002 by disability ^{1 2}

	<i>Thousands</i>		
	All awards	Higher rate	Lower rate
All conditions	1,288.2	615.4	672.8
Arthritis	378.7	167.9	210.8
Muscle/Joint/Bone disease	55.9	24.3	31.6
Blindness	56.9	16.1	40.8
Stroke-related	105.6	59.3	46.3
Mental health causes	122.1	68.4	53.7
Epilepsy	4.5	1.7	2.8
Deafness	3.1	0.8	2.3
Malignant disease	19.5	11.0	8.5
Chest disease	58.6	28.7	29.9
Back ailments	24.7	10.7	14.1
Heart disease	117.4	51.6	65.8
Parkinsons disease	27.0	16.4	10.6
Diabetes mellitus	23.7	9.7	14.0
Renal disorders	3.8	1.8	1.9
Frailty	178.1	80.4	97.7
Multiple sclerosis	3.2	1.8	1.4
Learning difficulties	3.1	1.1	2.0
Other	102.4	63.6	38.8

1. Where more than one disability is present only the main disabling condition is recorded

2. For a small number of cases the main disabling condition is recorded inaccurately

Table 2.5 AA: Decisions on initial claims ¹

						<i>Thousands</i>
	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00 ²	2000/01	2001/02	3 months to 30.6.02 ³
Initial claims	412.3	414.0	395.2	408.3	386.5	101.7
Initial claims decided						
All decisions	413.0	396.8	378.3	419.8	381.3	99.4
First awards:						
Higher rate	145.0	151.1	153.0	171.7	162.1	43.3
Lower rate	151.2	141.5	128.4	144.9	130.0	34.0
Rejections	116.8	104.3	96.8	103.1	89.1	22.2

1. Figures exclude first awards made as a result of review or appeal decisions

2. Figures for January estimated

3. Figures for period 1st April to 30th June 2002

Table 2.6 AA: Awards on review and appeal by financial year

Type of decision						<i>Thousands</i>
	Year ¹					3 months to 31.5.02
	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	
Reviews ²	24.7	17.1	14.6	12.3	8.4	2.2
Appeals	2.7	3.2	2.3	2.8	5.8	1.5

1. Figures relate to 12 months ending February

2. Figures include reconsiderations under the new system of decision making and appeals introduced from October 1999

Table 2.7 AA: Awards in year ending 31st May 2002 by sex and age¹

	<i>Thousands</i>		
	Total	Men	Women
All ages	304.7	118.3	186.4
65-69	30.3	14.6	15.6
70-74	50.7	23.2	27.5
75-79	71.8	29.1	42.7
80-84	74.6	26.8	47.8
85-89	53.7	17.8	35.9
90 and over	23.6	6.8	16.8

1. Figures relate to first awards made as a result of initial claims, reviews or appeals

Table 2.8 AA: Awards in year ending 31st May 2002 by disability and rate ^{1 2 3}

	<i>Thousands</i>		
	All awards	Higher rate	Lower rate
All conditions	304.7	166.5	138.2
Arthritis	58.3	28.4	29.9
Muscle/Joint/Bone disease	13.5	5.8	7.7
Blindness	9.2	2.4	6.8
Stroke-related	20.8	11.7	9.1
Mental health causes	34.8	18.1	16.8
Malignant disease	7.5	4.5	3.0
Chest disease	15.2	7.0	8.2
Back ailments	3.5	1.4	2.1
Heart disease	26.3	11.7	14.6
Parkinsons disease	5.7	3.4	2.3
Diabetes mellitus	5.6	2.2	3.4
Renal disorders	1.1	0.5	0.6
Frailty	46.7	20.7	26.0
Other	56.5	48.6	7.9

1. Where more than one disability is present only the main disabling condition is recorded

2. Figures relate to first awards made as a result of initial claims, reviews or appeals

3. For a small number of cases the main disabling condition is recorded inaccurately

Table 2.9 AA: Decisions on review by financial year ¹

	1997/98	1998/99	1999/00 ²	2000/01	2001/02	3 months to 30.6.02
Requests for review	112,615	104,075	96,340	90,135	84,875	21,450
Decisions						
all decisions	117,225	99,305	89,630	102,140	82,180	20,040
review allowed	20,145	13,915	12,515	10,025	7,480	1,770
award increased	46,840	41,625	35,670	54,385	44,720	10,950
other decisions	50,240	43,765	41,450	37,730	29,980	7,315

1. Figures include reconsiderations and supercessions under the new system of decision making and appeals which was introduced from October 1999.

2. Figures for January estimated

Table 2.10 AA: Historical movements on and off benefit ¹

Period	Awards	Terminations	<i>Thousands</i>
			Liveload at end of period ¹
Year ending May 1999	311.8	278.5	1,379.8
Year ending May 2000	297.9	284.8	1,392.9
Year ending May 2001	325.3	279.0	1,439.2
Year ending May 2002	304.7	290.4	1,453.5

1. Cases where payment of benefit has been suspended are included

Table 2.11 Rates of attendance allowance

Date	<i>£pw</i>	
	Higher rate	Lower rate
6 April 1992	43.35	28.95
10 April 1993	44.90	30.00
11 April 1994	45.70	30.55
10 April 1995	46.70	31.20
8 April 1996	48.50	32.40
7 April 1997	49.50	33.10
8 April 1998	51.30	34.30
12 April 1999	52.95	35.40
12 April 2000	53.55	35.80
11 April 2001	55.30	37.00
8 April 2002	56.25	37.65

Section 3: Invalid Care Allowance

Invalid Care Allowance (ICA) is a non-contributory benefit for men and women:

- who look after a severely disabled person for at least 35 hours a week
- who are eligible before their 65th birthday
- who are not gainfully employed (ie not earning more than £72 per week after certain deductions) and
- who are not in full-time education

The severely disabled person must be getting either

- the higher or middle rate of DLA care component, or
- AA, or
- Constant Attendance Allowance at the maximum rate under the War Pensions or Industrial Injuries Scheme.

Someone who gets ICA can have extra money added on for their dependants.

Table 3.1 shows a time series of numbers of people receiving ICA at 30th June each year, up to and including 30th June 2002. Tables 3.2 to 3.9 give more detailed figures for the latest point in time, 30th June 2002. Table 3.10 provides a time series of rates of ICA for each financial year back to 1994/95.

Previous editions of this publication had included only four tables of ICA figures. This edition therefore represents a substantial improvement in the range of published ICA statistics available. This has been possible because the Analytical Services Directorate Information Centre (ASD IC) has recently begun to receive and analyse 100% case-level data from the ICA computer system. As noted in the table titles, some of the tables report numbers with entitlement to ICA –a small proportion of whom do not actually receive the benefit e.g. due to overlapping entitlement with another benefit – and some tables cover just people where ICA is in payment (“current allowances”).

The statistics for all tables are based on a 100% extract from the ICA computer system.

All figures have been rounded to the nearest five.

Table 3.1 ICA allowances current at 30 June by sex over time ¹

Year	All persons	Men	Women
1995	295,675	69,190	226,490
1996 ¹	340,250	81,025	259,230
1997	367,445	91,785	275,655
1998	373,105	94,015	279,090
1999	373,515	94,310	279,205
2000 ¹	384,860	98,055	286,800
2001 ²	419,785	110,470	309,310
2002	390,485	98,715	291,775

1. Estimated

2. Figures for 2001 are based on 100% count of cases where there is ICA entitlement. Figures for all other years reflect ICA recipients 'in payment'.

Chart 3.1 ICA allowances current at 30th June over time

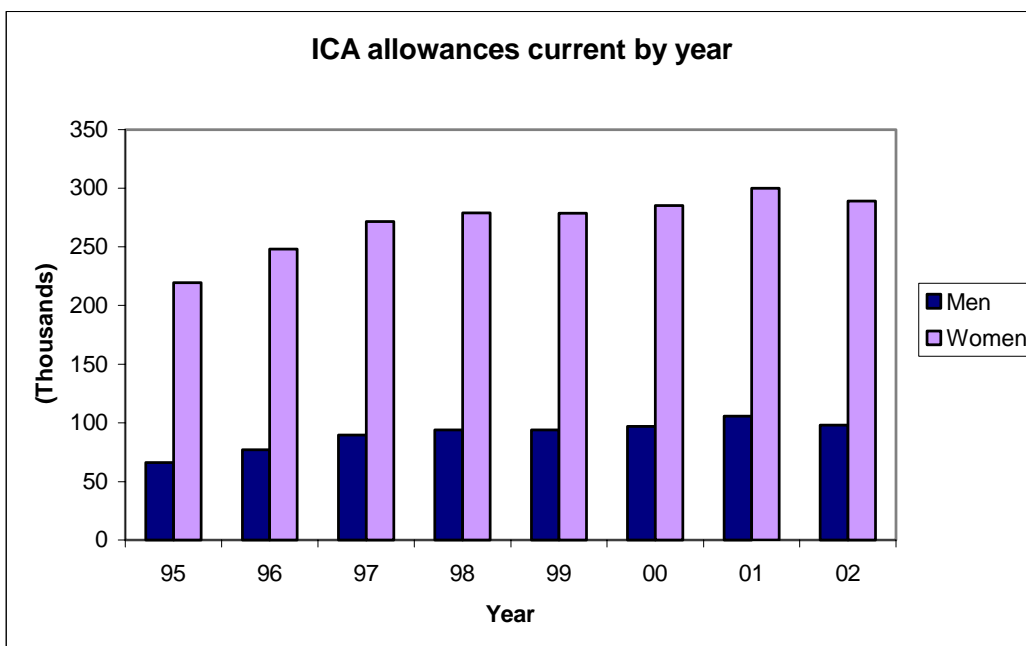


Table 3.2 ICA allowances current at 30th June 2002 by age, sex and average amount

Age	All persons	Men	Women	Average rate £pw
All ages	390,485	98,715	291,775	44.53
Under 20	3,785	1,295	2,490	42.03
20-24	11,025	2,740	8,285	44.81
25-29	23,010	3,905	19,105	47.95
30-34	45,870	7,235	38,635	48.90
35-39	58,930	10,435	48,495	47.61
40-44	55,335	11,960	43,370	45.66
45-49	49,520	12,930	36,590	44.08
50-54	54,470	15,390	39,080	42.93
55-59	56,540	16,850	39,690	42.50
60-64	26,905	14,650	12,255	36.68
65 and over	5,090	1,320	3,770	28.20
Working age	373,140	97,395	275,745	45.34
Pensioners	17,345	1,320	16,025	28.33

Chart 3.2 ICA allowances at 30th June 2002 by age and sex

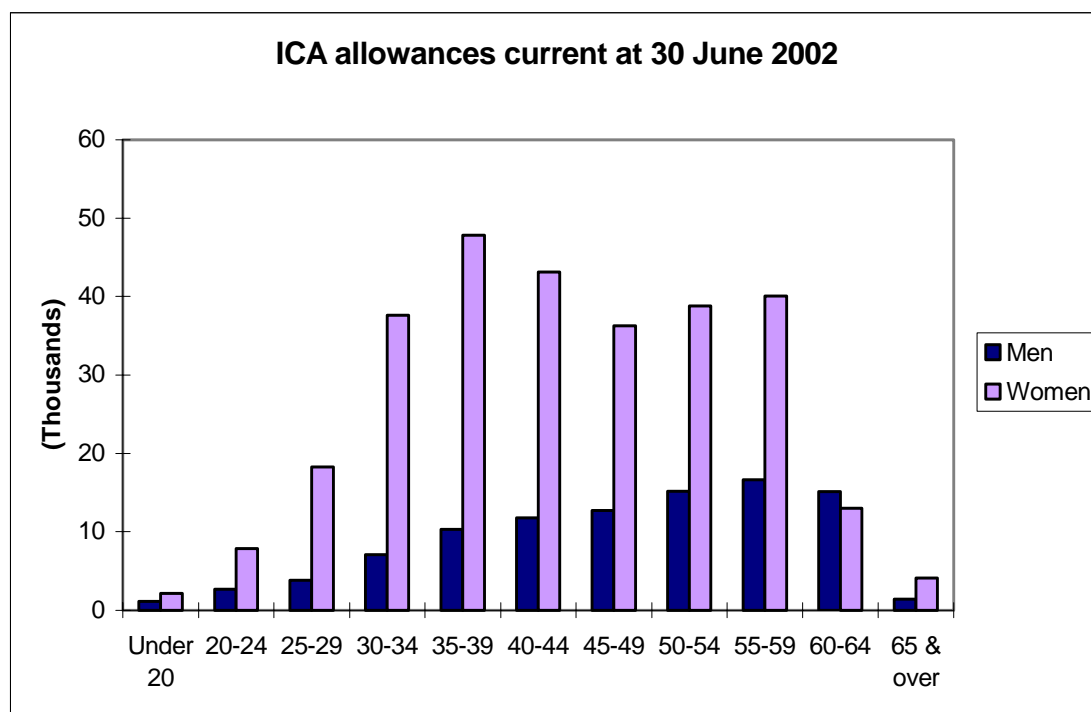


Table 3.3 Numbers with entitlement to ICA at 30th June 2002 by age and sex.

Age	All persons	Men	Women
All ages	453,645	120,440	333,205
Under 20	4,055	1,395	2,655
20-24	11,770	3,005	8,765
25-29	24,250	4,300	19,950
30-34	48,590	7,990	40,595
35-39	62,875	11,630	51,245
40-44	60,080	13,630	46,450
45-49	54,485	14,965	39,520
50-54	60,995	18,075	42,920
55-59	65,060	20,100	44,960
60-64	45,835	18,675	27,160
65 and over	15,660	6,675	8,985
Working Age	410,825	113,765	297,060
Pensioners	6,675	6,675	36,145

Table 3.4 ICA allowances current at 30th June 2002 by Government Office Region

Country and Government Office Region	Allowances	Allowances per 1000 population ¹
GREAT BRITAIN	390,485	6.8
England	324,290	6.6
North East	24,535	9.7
North West	58,305	8.7
Yorkshire & Humber	39,435	7.9
East Midlands	29,260	7.0
West Midlands	41,535	7.9
East	29,235	5.4
London	38,120	5.3
South East	35,440	4.4
South West	28,425	5.8
Wales	27,645	9.5
Scotland	38,550	7.6

1. Population estimates for mid 2001. Sources are Office of National Statistics and General Register Office for Scotland

Table 3.5 Average duration of entitlement at 30th June 2002 broken down by age and sex

Age of claimant	All		Men		Women	
	Number entitled	Average duration (weeks)	Number entitled	Average duration (weeks)	Number entitled	Average duration (weeks)
All	453,430	245	120,370	220	333,060	255
under 20	4,030	60	1,390	55	2,640	60
20-24	11,760	115	3,005	115	8,760	115
25-29	24,240	155	4,300	145	19,945	155
30-34	48,570	190	7,985	170	40,580	190
35-39	62,860	225	11,625	190	51,235	235
40-44	60,060	260	13,630	205	46,430	275
45-49	54,460	280	14,950	230	39,510	300
50-54	60,960	275	18,065	230	42,895	295
55-59	65,030	265	20,090	235	44,940	280
60-64	45,810	270	18,660	250	27,145	280
65 and over	15,660	375	6,675	320	8,985	415
Working age	410,625	240	113,695	250	296,930	215
Pensioners	42,805	315	6,675	315	36,130	320

1. A small number of those with entitlement have been excluded due to the latest duration of ICA entitlement beginning after the extract date.

Table 3.6 Number of Adult and Child dependency increases current at 30th June 2002 broken down by sex and number of children.

	All persons	Men	Women
All CDIs	38,810	8,410	30,405
Number of children			
1	12,650	3,040	9,610
2	13,205	2,690	10,515
3	7,760	1,585	6,175
4	3,495	700	2,790
5	1,140	275	870
6 and over	560	115	445
Total number of ADIs	10,425	6,860	3,565

Table 3.7 Commencements of ICA processed in the quarter ending 30th June 2002 by age.

Age at commencement	Entitled	In payment
All	28,255	23,805
under 20	850	780
20-24	1,425	1,305
25-29	2,190	2,020
30-34	3,455	3,155
35-39	3,815	3,480
40-44	3,380	2,930
45-49	3,000	2,535
50-54	3,515	2,935
55-59	3,955	3,260
60-64	2,430	1,355
65 and over	245	55

Table 3.8 Terminations of ICA processed in the quarter ending 30th June 2002 by age.

Age at termination	Entitled	In payment
All	19,950	18,460
under 20	340	335
20-24	830	815
25-29	1,210	1,180
30-34	2,015	1,970
35-39	2,745	2,665
40-44	2,545	2,430
45-49	2,325	2,215
50-54	2,610	2,440
55-59	2,895	2,690
60-64	2,000	1,450
65 and over	435	270

Table 3.9 Terminations of ICA processed in the quarter ending 30th June 2002 by reason for termination.

Reason for termination	Entitled	In payment
All	19,950	18,460
Not caring for over 35 hrs a week	6,395	5,890
Disabled person not getting appropriate benefit	4,405	4,230
Another person caring for Disabled Person	50	25
In Full time education	35	35
Earnings over limit	1,990	1,950
Death of Disabled person	6,490	5,805
Residence conditions not satisfied	35	30
Death of claimant	175	155
Requested information not sent to ICA unit	365	335
Transfer	10	5

Table 3.10 Rates of Invalid Care Allowance

	<i>£pw</i>			
	Standard	Adult	Rate for dependants	
			First child	Other children
11 April 1994	34.50	20.65	9.80	11.00
10 April 1985	35.25	21.10	9.85	11.05
8 April 1996	36.60	21.90	9.90	11.15
7 April 1997	37.35	22.35	9.90	11.20
6 April 1998	38.70	23.15	9.90	11.30
12 April 1999	39.95	23.90	9.90	11.35
12 April 2000	40.40	24.15	9.85	11.35
11 April 2001	41.75	24.95	9.70	11.35
08 April 2002	42.45	25.35	9.65	11.35

Appendix

Note about sampling error

Because some of the data in these tables are derived from a 5% sample the numbers which appear in the tables are only **estimates** of the true values. The people included in the sample are 5% of the population of claimants.

Although the figures are estimates, it is possible to say with confidence that the **true** value, corresponding to any particular number in the tables, lies within a certain range - the **confidence interval**.

The following table gives the 95% confidence intervals for the true value in the population, based on the estimated value from the 5% sample. For example, if a figure of 600 appears in a table, then, given that this is derived from a 5% sample (ie there were 30 cases in the sample), one can say that there is a 95% chance that there are in fact between 409 and 851 cases in the population. Confidence intervals for larger estimated values are given below and expressed as estimated value plus or minus half the width of the interval.

Estimated value in table	95% confidence interval
0	0 to 58
20	1 to 110
40	5 to 143
60	13 to 173
80	22 to 202
100	33 to 230
200	98 to 364
300	170 to 490
400	248 to 612
500	328 to 730
600	409 to 851

Estimated value in table	95% confidence interval	Confidence interval as % of the estimate
700	+/-226	+/-32%
800	+/-242	+/-30%
900	+/-256	+/-28%
1,000	+/-270	+/-27%
2,000	+/-382	+/-19%
3,000	+/-468	+/-16%
4,000	+/-540	+/-14%
5,000	+/-604	+/-12%
6,000	+/-662	+/-11%
7,000	+/-715	+/-10%
8,000	+/-764	+/-10%
9,000	+/-811	+/-9%
10,000	+/-854	+/-9%
20,000	+/-1,208	+/-6%
30,000	+/-1,480	+/-5%
40,000	+/-1,709	+/-4%
50,000	+/-1,910	+/-4%
100,000	+/-2,702	+/-3%
200,000	+/-3,821	+/-2%
300,000	+/-4,679	+/-2%
400,000	+/-5,403	+/-1%
500,000	+/-6,041	+/-1%
600,000	+/-6,618	+/-1%
700,000	+/-7,148	+/-1%
800,000	+/-7,641	+/-1%
900,000	+/-8,105	+/-1%
1,000,000	+/-8,543	+/-1%